

Submission Questionnaire

Draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy - Submission Form



Regional Water Strategies Public Exhibition Submission Questionnaire

The NSW Government is taking action to improve the security, reliability, quality and resilience of the state's water resources. The Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy will deliver healthy and resilient water resources for a liveable and prosperous regional NSW.

This draft strategy is being developed by the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment and provides an opportunity to re-shape what we are doing in regional water management and chart a path forward.

We have been working with local water utilities, councils, communities, Aboriginal people and other stakeholders to ensure local and traditional knowledge informs the draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy and that it serves the regional community, including First Nations, the environment and industry.

Your Voice is important

We have prepared this draft strategy to continue our discussions with you. We would like to hear your views on the draft strategy as a whole including the process we used to develop the strategy and the evidence that supports it. We are also seeking your feedback on the options presented in the draft strategy and whether you have any further information that could help us to assess the benefits and disadvantages of any of the options.

Please provide your feedback in the submission form below and email your completed submission to regionalwater.strategies@dpie.nsw.gov.au or post to Regional Water Strategies, Department of Planning, Industry and Environment, Locked Bag 5022, Parramatta NSW 2124 by **13 December, 2020**.

The questionnaire includes general questions about the regional water strategy including objectives, vision, modelling, opportunities and challenges. It also includes questions regarding the draft options along with personal information questions.

The questionnaire will take approximately 15 minutes to complete and your response can remain anonymous if you wish (see question 3).

Questions marked with an asterisk (*) require an answer.

If you have any questions about the questionnaire, please email:
regionalwater.strategies@dpie.nsw.gov.au

Making your submission public

We collect information about you, which may include personal information, to assess submissions in response to the department's dealings and activities, and perform other functions required to complete the project. This information must be supplied. If you choose not to provide the requested information we may not be able to assess your submission.

To promote transparency and open government, we intend to make all submissions publicly available on our website, or in reports. Your name or your organisation's name may appear in these reports with your feedback attributed.

If you would like your submission and/or feedback to be kept confidential, please let us know when making your submission. You will be asked for your confidentiality preference at question 1.

If you request your submission be kept confidential, it will not be published on our website or included in any relevant reports, however it will still be subject to the *Government Information Public Access Act 2009*.

Your submission will be stored securely consistent with the department's Records Management Policy and you have the right to request access to, and correction of, your personal information held by the department.

Further details can be found in our privacy statement available on our website.
<https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/privacy>

Information from this form is collected for the purpose of receiving your feedback on the draft regional water strategy. The supply of this information is voluntary. Your details will be stored in NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment records. Information will be stored and managed in accordance with provisions under the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998. It will not be used for any other purpose and will not be given to any other third party except where required by law. To access or correct your personal information, contact us using the information at dpie.nsw.gov.au/contact

1. Information on confidentiality and privacy *

I give my permission for my submission to be publicly available on the NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment website.

Yes No

I would like my personal details to be kept confidential.

Yes No

2. Your details

Email address *

Name *

Address *

Contact phone number *

Do you identify as an Aboriginal person?

Yes

No

Are you an individual or representing an organisation?

Individual

Organisation

3. Organisation or business details

Who do you represent?

Government:

Commonwealth

New South Wales

State other

Local

Local Water Utility

Peak representative organisation:

Environment

Industry

Business group or business chamber

Community organisation

Other

4. Draft regional water strategy objectives and vision

The draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy is one of 13 strategies (12 regional water strategies and a Greater Sydney Water Strategy) being developed by the department. All regional water strategies are being developed in line with the following objectives:

- **Deliver and manage water for local communities**
 - Improve water security, water quality and flood management for regional towns and communities.
- **Enable economic prosperity**
 - Improve water access reliability for regional industries.
- **Recognise and protect Aboriginal water rights, interests and access to water**
 - Including Aboriginal heritage assets.
- **Protect and enhance the environment**
 - Improve the health and integrity of environmental systems and assets, including by improving water quality.
- **Affordability**
 - Identify least cost policy and infrastructure options.

All draft regional water strategy options need to address at least one of the above objectives.

Our vision for this strategy is to have healthy and resilient water resources (that withstand extreme events and adapt to these changes) for a liveable and prosperous Far North Coast region.

To achieve this, we need to position the region so there is the right amount of water of the right quality, delivered in the right way to meet the future needs of Aboriginal people, towns, communities, industries and the environment

Do you support this vision for the Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy?

Yes

No

If no, please outline your vision for the long term management of water resources in this region?

5. Information and modelling used to develop the Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy

The draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy packages the most up to date information and evidence with all the tools we have – policy, planning, behavioural, regulatory, technology and infrastructure solutions.

We have used the following information to develop the draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy:

- **New climate data**
 - Observed historical climate data - recorded rainfall, temperature and evaporation data from the past 130 years.
 - Paleoclimate data - scientific reconstructed data using sources such as tree rings.
 - Climate drivers – key drivers of wet and dry periods.
 - Climate change scenarios.
- **Review of existing studies**
 - to identify drivers and risks for water resource management.
- **Community engagement**
 - Local councils and joint council organisations.
 - Aboriginal peak bodies and Aboriginal community groups.
 - Review of previous water management consultations.

A) Do you have any comments about the information used to develop this strategy?

B) Please provide details if there is additional information you think we should consider?

6. Stochastic modelling method

We used a stochastic modelling method (based on the statistical characteristics of the new climate data) in order to get a dataset covering up to 10,000 years. This enables us to quantify the natural variability and extremes in the region with greater certainty.

A) Do you have any comments about the modelling method used to develop this strategy?

B) Is there any additional information that you believe could help us assess the benefits and disadvantages of draft options?

7. Opportunities and challenges for water management in the Far North Coast region

During the Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy drafting stage, the following opportunities, risks and challenges were identified.

- **Changing climate conditions will increase the pressure on water resources and water management challenges facing the region**
 - Droughts may be more severe in the future and the region is also likely to see seasonal shifts in rainfall patterns.
 - Flooding is a major issue and can adversely affect towns, business and communities.
 - Sea levels are predicted to rise in the region by between 0.31 and 0.88 metres by 2090.
 - Water extraction from waterways to meet community and industry demands is likely to increase due to decreases in rainfall and greater evaporative losses.
- **Towns, communities and industries in the region are susceptible to climate variability and change**
 - Population growth, increased water demand and climate variability will place increasing challenges on town water supplies and industry sectors.
 - The region is not used to managing the extreme dry periods and there is relatively little water storage available.
 - Saline intrusion due to sea level rise will make some supplies unfit for use and affect sewerage treatment plant operations.
 - Sea level rise effects may be magnified as freshwater inflows reduce.
- **Protecting water-dependent environmental assets and native species is challenging**
 - Water for the environment is not actively managed and largely dependent on stream flows.
 - Reductions in river flows and estuary inflows are forecast.
 - Water quality problems are present and projected lower flows, higher temperatures and sea level rise may further reduce water quality.

- **Better management of groundwater**
 - Groundwater is found in fractured rocks, coastal sands and smaller alluvial aquifers.
 - Urbanisation in coastal areas is impacting groundwater recharge patterns and increasing pollution risks.
 - Greater knowledge and information on groundwater is needed to ensure its sustainability across the region.
- **Opportunities to improve how we manage and use water in the region**
 - Link population growth with new investment to ensure water security into the future.
 - New climate information offers opportunities to review and update water sharing and access rules.
 - Diversify town water and industry supplies using new sources such as recycled water and desalination.
 - Involve Aboriginal communities more directly in water decision-making and incorporate traditional knowledge into water management.
 - Options to support the regions farmers to mitigate water security risks and accommodate shifting market trends.
 - Investigate options to improve Toonumbar Dam's low rate of use, reduce its financial burden and maximise its value to the community.

A) Do you have any comments on the opportunities, risks and challenges identified?

B) Are there any additional opportunities, risks and challenges that we should consider and what options could address these?

8. Draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy options

We have developed a long list of options that could be included in the final Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy. The options consider the opportunities and challenges facing the region and meet at least one regional water strategy objective.

The 39 options are grouped in different categories, being:

- Maintaining and diversifying water supplies.
- Protecting and enhancing natural ecosystems.
- Supporting water use efficiency and conservation.
- Strengthening community preparedness for climate extremes.

In addition the final long list of options will also include a focus on:

- Improving recognition of Aboriginal people's water rights, interests and access to water.

Only feasible options will be progressed to the final strategy stage – following a rigorous assessment process.

We are seeking your feedback to inform the options assessment process. Further details on each option is outlined in the strategy documents and a summary included below.

Maintaining and diversifying water supplies

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Interconnection of independent water supplies in the region to the Rous County Council network | 9. Manage aquifer recharge investigations and policy |
| 2. Interconnection of Rous County Council and Tweed Shire Council bulk water supplies | 10. Decentralise desalination |
| 3. Use Toonumbar Dam to augment town water supplies | 11. Regional desalination |
| 4. Connect the regional water system to the South East Queensland water grid | 12. Raise Clarrie Hall Dam level |
| 5. Vulnerability of surface water supplies to sea level rise | 13. New Dam on Byrrill Creek |
| 6. Remove impediments of water use reuse projects | 14. New Dunoon Dam on Rocky Creek |
| 7. Indirect potable reuse of purified recycled water | 15. Increased harvestable rights |
| 8. Direct potable reuse of purified recycle water | 16. Provide purified recycled wastewater for industry and rural users |
| | 17. Increased on-farm water storage |
| | 18. A grid of off-stream water storages in the Far North Coast Region |
| | 19. Raise Toonumbar Dam level |

Protecting and enhancing natural ecosystems

- | | |
|---|---|
| 20. Establish sustainable extraction limits for Far North Coast surface water and groundwater sources | 26. Improve fish passage in the Far North Coast region |
| 21. Establish and/or increase environmental water releases from major storages in the Far North Coast | 27. Addressing cold water pollution |
| 22. Convert low flow water access licences to high flow water access licences | 28. Characterising coastal groundwater resources |
| 23. Improve stormwater management | 29. Protecting ecosystems that depend on coastal groundwater resources |
| 24. Bringing back riverine and estuarine habitat and threatened species | 30. Northern Rivers Watershed Initiative |
| 25. Fish-friendly water extraction | 31. River Recovery Program for the Far North Coast: a region-wide program on instream works, riparian vegetation and sediment control |

Supporting water use efficiency and conservation

- | | |
|--|--|
| 32. Improved data collection and information sharing | 34. Regional Demand Management Program |
| 33. Active and effective water markets | 35. Regional network efficiency audit |

Strengthening community preparedness for climate extremes

36. Apply the NSW Extreme Events Policy to the Far North Coast region

38. Planning for climate change impacts on coastal groundwater resources

37. Protecting coastal groundwater resources for town water supplies and rural water users

39. Planning for land use pressures on coastal groundwater resources

A) Which five (5) options do you think are ***most*** important?

Please list the option numbers in order of importance with the first option being most important

Option Number

Option Number

Option Number

Option Number

Option Number

B) Please comment on why you think these options are most important?

C) Which five (5) options do you think are ***least*** important (if any)?

Please list the option numbers in order of least importance with the first option being least important

Option Number

Option Number

Option Number

Option Number

Option Number

D) Please comment on why you think these options are least important?

E) Do you have any comments on the draft options?

9. Option combinations

The option list provided in the draft strategy also identifies potential combinations of options. These combinations recognise that most options require associated works, further assessments and/or legislative, policy and planning changes to ensure they address the risks and challenges identified in the Far North Coast region and do not have unintended impacts.

A) Do you have any thoughts on how the options could be combined with other options?

B) Are there additional options that we should consider?

10. Other comments

Do you have any other comments about the Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy?

11. How did you hear about the public exhibition of this strategy?

We are interested to know how you heard about the opportunity to make a submission. Please indicate the communication methods below:

Newspaper

Radio

Department of Planning, Industry and Environment website

Direct email

Social media

Have your say NSW Government website

Communication from peak body

Other

12. Additional Information and submission process

If you would like to provide any supporting documents to help us understand your view, please either, email these from the same email you provided in this form, or attach supporting documents to this form if you are returning your submission by mail.

All submissions on the draft Far North Coast Regional Water Strategy will be reviewed following the public exhibition period. Further targeted engagement will be undertaken along with the final phase of stakeholder engagement later in the year to review the final documents.



Please email your completed submission and supporting documents to regionalwater.strategies@dpiw.nsw.gov.au



or post to Regional Water Strategies, Department of Planning, Industry and Environment, Locked Bag 5022, Parramatta NSW 2124 by 13 December, 2020.



Further details on all regional water strategies can be found on our website <https://www.dpie.nsw.gov.au/regional-water-strategies>

Thank you for your submission.

Extracted answers from fillable form above:

Question 4.

"Partial" would be a better way to describe my support for this strategy; my support is dependent on the options assessment outcomes.

My vision for the long-term management of local water resources would emphasise system resilience through diverse supply, and holistic sustainability that considers environmental and social impacts as equally important to economic costs. While a number of options presented in this report meet this vision, I hold grave concerns at the continued proposal of the Dunoon Dam as a viable option for the region. I will expand my specific criticisms of the proposed Dam below.

In short, before attempting to augment supply with environmentally-destructive, climate-vulnerable and extremely expensive dam infrastructure which is permanent, non-adaptable and inflexible (i.e. can't be scaled up/down in line with climate and demand fluctuations) the institutions governing water in the Far North Coast should exhaust all other options, including but not limited to:

- demand management through enhanced community engagement and awareness programs; if this fails, economic incentives such as block tariffs could be applied to curb wastage
- desalination, in conjunction with renewable energy generation such as solar, or wind. Energy-efficient desalination options, such as thermal-energy generating membrane distillation should be considered.
- potable recycled water; though there are social acceptability hurdles, this can and should be overcome with community education. The vast majority of our population do not appreciate that all water is effectively recycled, e.g. that secondary-treated wastewater is released into waterways from which downstream utilities then extract water. Informing people that they already drink so-called "poo water" may break down misunderstandings around potable, purified recycled water.
- more robust water-sensitive urban planning policies for residential areas; larger water tanks, mandated grey water systems
- more robust water-sensitive planning for industry; introduction of incentives, or planning mandates, for decentralised recycled water and desalination for new industrial buildings
- investigation of a centralised residential rainwater harvesting system, as seen in Warnambool VIC

The "same old options" of damming rivers and relying on surface water are not resilient, sustainable, or adaptable and should no longer be considered options for our region.

Question 8D.

Continued reliance on surface water is not in the best interests of creating a resilient water system & supply for our region.

The Dunoon Dam is particularly preposterous, as it is downstream of the existing Rocky Creek Dam. How is a second dam on the same water source a "diverse" or resilient supply option? Further, the additional catchment that will fill the Dunoon Dam is an agricultural area dominated by heavily-sprayed macadamia plantations. It is unclear if Rous Country Council has considered how the chemical runoff from the macadamias will impact water quality.